English 12 – British Literature – Curriculum

Essential Questions/Big Ideas (all units should be framed in light of these 6 questions,):

- How is history reflected through the literature?
- How does history impact the literature?
- How are the values of a time period reflected by the literature?
- How do common themes change throughout history in various time periods?
- How is literature an agent of social change?
- How is language an agent of social change?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIT</th>
<th>OVERARCHING THEME (all lit. should be framed in light of this theme)</th>
<th>LITERATURE</th>
<th>LITERARY DEVICES (and VOCABULARY in context)</th>
<th>WRITING (GRAMMAR in context)</th>
<th>SPEECH</th>
<th>STANDARDS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>History of the English language</td>
<td>Language (words) as an agent of social change</td>
<td>-Nonfiction texts</td>
<td>Change of language, use of language as social agent -Vocabulary study from the literature -Digital literacy -Synthesis</td>
<td>EXPRESS AND REFLECT -Writer in Me (writing portfolio) -College Application essay -Weekly writer/Article of the week -Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment) -Writing portfolio -Revising, editing, rewriting, etc. -Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style) -Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem -Establishing a point of view -Introduce narrator/characters -Use narrative techniques such as dialogue pacing, description, reflection and multiple plot lines -Sensory language to convey vivid pictures -Focus on various traits of good writing (grammatical structures) and components of good writing (introductions, thesis statements, MLA format, etc.) in review and as deemed necessary by errors in student writing</td>
<td>-Discussions -Group presentation (4 or more – time period of language presentation)</td>
<td>-Discussions RL.11-12.4 RL.11-12.4 RL.11-12.10 W.11-12.3a,b,c,d,e W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6 W.11-12.7 W.11-12.9 W.11-12.10 SL11-12.1 SL11-12.4 SL11-12.5 SL11-12.6 L11-12.1 L11-12.2 L11-12.3</td>
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<td>The Middle Ages</td>
<td>Literature as an agent of social change</td>
<td>-Beowulf -The Canterbury Tales -Everyman -Nonfiction texts -Supplemental texts</td>
<td>-Time period writing traits/characteristics -Synecdoche -Kenning -Metonymy -Epic poetry</td>
<td>-Author imitation poem (Chaucer) -Multimedia essay -Weekly writer/Article of the week -Timed writings -Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)</td>
<td>-Discussions -Group presentation (4 or more – website)</td>
<td>RL.11-12.1 RL.11-12.10 W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6 W.11-12.7</td>
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<td>The Renaissance</td>
<td>Literature as an agent of social change</td>
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<td><strong>Writings by Queen Elizabeth</strong>&lt;br&gt;-Francis Bacon essays&lt;br&gt;-<em>Merchant of Venice</em>&lt;br&gt;-<em>Paradise Lost</em>&lt;br&gt;-Nonfiction texts&lt;br&gt;-Supplemental texts and videos (authorship controversy, film version of <em>Merchant of Venice</em>)</td>
<td><strong>Writings by Queen Elizabeth</strong>&lt;br&gt;-Time period writing traits/characteristics&lt;br&gt;-Predicting outcomes, cause and effect, main idea, character analysis, plot diagramming, analyze structure, theme, symbol&lt;br&gt;-Vocabulary study from the literature&lt;br&gt;-Dialogue&lt;br&gt;-Traits of a tragedy&lt;br&gt;-Dramatic conventions&lt;br&gt;-Growth of a character&lt;br&gt;-Pacing&lt;br&gt;-Syntax inversion&lt;br&gt;-Epithaph&lt;br&gt;-Rhetoric&lt;br&gt;-Pun&lt;br&gt;-Soliloquy&lt;br&gt;-Monologue&lt;br&gt;-Aside&lt;br&gt;-Comic relief&lt;br&gt;-Allusion&lt;br&gt;-Iambic pentameter&lt;br&gt;-Dramatic irony</td>
<td><strong>Comparative genre paper</strong>&lt;br&gt;-Weekly writer/Article of the week&lt;br&gt;-Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)&lt;br&gt;-Writing portfolio&lt;br&gt;-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.&lt;br&gt;-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style)&lt;br&gt;*All writing must include outside research&lt;br&gt;-Focus on various traits of good writing (grammatical structures) and components of good writing (introductions, thesis statements, MLA format, etc.) in review and as deemed necessary by errors in student writing</td>
<td><strong>Discussions</strong>&lt;br&gt;-Group presentation (limit to three, expert panels)</td>
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<th>The Restoration period</th>
<th>Literature as an agent of social change</th>
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<td><strong>The Diary of Samuel Pepys</strong>&lt;br&gt;-A <em>Modest Proposal</em>&lt;br&gt;-The <em>Spectator</em>&lt;br&gt;-Supplemental texts and videos</td>
<td><strong>The Diary of Samuel Pepys</strong>&lt;br&gt;-Time period writing traits/characteristics&lt;br&gt;-Fallacious reasoning&lt;br&gt;-Rhetoric&lt;br&gt;-Irrony&lt;br&gt;-Sarcasm&lt;br&gt;-Satire&lt;br&gt;-Tone&lt;br&gt;-Valid reasoning</td>
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<td>and videos (<em>Grendel</em>)</td>
<td>mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment</td>
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<td>-Morality plays</td>
<td>-Writing portfolio</td>
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<td>-Frame story</td>
<td>-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.</td>
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<td>-Oral tradition</td>
<td>-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style)</td>
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<td>-Stock epithet</td>
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<td>-Archetype</td>
<td>-Discussions&lt;br&gt;-Group presentation (limit to three, expert panels)</td>
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<td>-Wyrd</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.7</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.10</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Pagan</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Fatalism</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.7</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.7</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>SL11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>L11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Caesura</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.3</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.10</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Point of view/perspective</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.3</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.10</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Vocabulary study from the literature</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.3</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.10</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong></td>
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<td>-Annotating a text</td>
<td><strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.1</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.2</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.3</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.5</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.6</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>RL.11-12.10</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.4</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>W.11-12.5</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Victorian period</th>
<th>Literature as an agent of social change</th>
<th>-The Importance of Being Earnest</th>
<th>-Time period writing traits/characteristics</th>
<th>-Position paper</th>
<th>-Discussions</th>
<th>RL.11-12.2</th>
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<td>-A Christmas Carol</td>
<td>-Literary theories</td>
<td>-Weekly writer/Article of the week</td>
<td>-Literary Analysis (definition essay)</td>
<td>RL.11-12.3</td>
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<td>-Alice in Wonderland</td>
<td>-aesthetic impact</td>
<td>-Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)</td>
<td>-Weekly writer/Article of the week</td>
<td>RL.11-12.5</td>
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<td>-Oliver Twist</td>
<td>-comedic resolution</td>
<td>-Writing portfolio</td>
<td>-Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)</td>
<td>RL.11-12.10</td>
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<td>-Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde</td>
<td>-flashback</td>
<td>-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.</td>
<td>-Writing portfolio</td>
<td>W.11-12.4</td>
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<td>-Independent novel project</td>
<td>-implication</td>
<td>-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style)</td>
<td>-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.</td>
<td>W.11-12.5</td>
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<td>-Nonfiction texts</td>
<td>-informal consensus</td>
<td>-Conclusion that follows from and supports the argument presented (implications, significance)</td>
<td>-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style)</td>
<td>W.11-12.6</td>
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<td>-Supplemental texts and videos (film version of any of the</td>
<td>-parallel structure</td>
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<td>W.11-12.7</td>
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<td>W.11-12.9</td>
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<td>-Time period writing traits/characteristics</td>
<td>-unreliable narrator</td>
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<td>W.11-12.10</td>
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<td>-Gothic literature</td>
<td>-Position paper</td>
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<td>-Science fiction</td>
<td>-Position paper</td>
<td>-Focus on various traits of good writing (grammatical structures) and components of good writing (introductions, thesis statements, MLA format, etc.) in review and as deemed necessary by errors in student writing</td>
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<td>-Vocabulary study from the literature</td>
<td>-Analyzing and Interpreting</td>
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<td>SL11-12.5</td>
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<td>-Fact vs. opinion</td>
<td>-Analyzing and Interpreting</td>
<td>-Focus on various traits of good writing (grammatical structures) and components of good writing (introductions, thesis statements, MLA format, etc.) in review and as deemed necessary by errors in student writing</td>
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<td>-drawing conclusions</td>
<td>-Analyzing and Interpreting</td>
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<td>L11-12.2</td>
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<td>-How to read nonfiction</td>
<td>-Analyzing and Interpreting</td>
<td>-Focus on various traits of good writing (grammatical structures) and components of good writing (introductions, thesis statements, MLA format, etc.) in review and as deemed necessary by errors in student writing</td>
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<td>L11-12.3</td>
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<td>-Authorial intent</td>
<td>-Analyzing and Interpreting</td>
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<tr>
<th>The Romantic period</th>
<th>Literature as an agent of social change</th>
<th>-Frankenstein</th>
<th>-Time period writing traits/characteristics</th>
<th>-Analyzing and Interpreting</th>
<th>-Discussions</th>
<th>RL.11-12.3</th>
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<td>-A Vindication of the rights of women</td>
<td>-Gothic literature</td>
<td>-Literary Analysis (definition essay)</td>
<td>-Oral exams</td>
<td>RL.11-12.5</td>
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<td>-Women’s movement texts (debating women1c)</td>
<td>-Science fiction</td>
<td>-Weekly writer/Article of the week</td>
<td>-Oral exams</td>
<td>RL.11-12.10</td>
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<td>-Paine (big anh)</td>
<td>-Vocabulary study from the literature</td>
<td>-Authentic writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)</td>
<td>-Oral exams</td>
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<td>-Burke (big anh)</td>
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<td>-Writing portfolio</td>
<td>-Oral exams</td>
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<td>-Abolition of the Slave trade texts (big anh)</td>
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<td>-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.</td>
<td>-Oral exams</td>
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<td>-Supplemental texts and videos (various film versions of Frankenstein)</td>
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| The Modern period | Literature as an agent of social change | -1984  
*Brave New World*  
-War perspective (big anth)  
-Language perspective (big anth)  
-Nonfiction texts  
-Supplemental texts and videos | -Time period writing traits/characteristics  
-Propaganda  
-Realism  
-Existentialism  
-Surrealism  
-Stream of consciousness  
-Dystopia  
-Existentialism  
-Read an AD  
-Read a critical essay  
-Vocabulary study from the literature | **INFORM AND EXPLAIN**  
-Cause and effect essay  
-AD/pamphlet/brochure  
-Response to a literary criticism  
-Weekly writer/Article of the week  
-Authorial writing (discussion board posts, e-mails, reviews, letters, etc. connected to the Weekly Writer assignment)  
-Writing portfolio  
-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.  
-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style) | **Discussions**  
-Literature circle presentations  
-Oral exams | L11-12.4  
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W.11-12.8  
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SL11-12.4  
SL11-12.5  
SL11-12.6  
L11-12.2  
L11-12.10  
W.11-12.4  
W.11-12.5  
W.11-12.6  
W.11-12.7  
W.11-12.9  
W.11-12.10  
SL11-12.1  
SL11-12.4  
SL11-12.5  
SL11-12.6  
L11-12.2  
L11-12.10  
W.11-12.1a,b,c,d,e  
W.11-12.4  
W.11-12.5  
W.11-12.6  
W.11-12.8  
W.11-12.9  
W.11-12.10  
SL11-12.2  
SL11-12.7  
SL11-12.8  
L11-12.2  
L11-12.10  
W.11-12.4  
W.11-12.5  
W.11-12.6  
W.11-12.7  
W.11-12.9  
W.11-12.10  
SL11-12.1  
SL11-12.4  
SL11-12.5  
SL11-12.6  
L11-12.2  |  
L11-12.4  
L11-12.5  |
| Research paper | Literature as an agent of social change | -Nonfiction texts  
-Supplemental texts | -Research paper (synthesis -Literature as a an agent of social change – choose a piece of literature or pieces of literature to examine through the lens of a social issue (only British, but most connect to modern – did the literature actually work and have lasting impact?)  
-Weekly writer/Article of the week  
-Writing Portfolio  
-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.  
-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style) |  
-Individual topic presentation |  
RL.11-12.10  
RL.11-12.10  
W.11-12.1a,b,c,d,e  
W.11-12.4  
W.11-12.5  
W.11-12.6  
W.11-12.8  
W.11-12.9  
W.11-12.10  
SL11-12.1  
SL11-12.2  
SL11-12.3  
SL11-12.4  
SL11-12.5  
SL11-12.6  
L11-12.2  
L11-12.10  
W.11-12.4  
W.11-12.5  
W.11-12.6  
W.11-12.7  
W.11-12.9  
W.11-12.10  
SL11-12.1  
SL11-12.4  
SL11-12.5  
SL11-12.6  
L11-12.2  |  
L11-12.4  
L11-12.5  |
| Student as Teacher | Literature as an agent of social change | -Selected major | -Poetry analysis essay | -Student as Teacher | RL.11-12.1 |
| demonstration of social change | poetry from the middle ages, the renaissance, the romantic, the Victorian, and the modern periods | poems to us in pairs for the entire period to demonstrate ability to read a text and analyze it without the assistance of the teacher | *Writing Portfolio*  
-Revising, editing, rewriting, etc.  
-Technology to publish, produce, update in response to feedback (more than just grammar/style)  
*All writing must include outside research*  
| presentation (teach the class in pairs) |  
| |  
| RL.11-12.1 | Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. |
| RL.11-12.2 | Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text. |
| RL.11-12.3 | Analyze the impact of the author’s choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed). |
| RL.11-12.4 | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.) |
| RL.11-12.5 | Analyze how an author’s choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact. |
Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).

Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)

Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.

By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

**Reading - Informational**

Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

Determine an author’s point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
RI.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).

RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln’s Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

RI.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

**Writing**

**RW.11-12.1** Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

**RW.11-12.2** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience’s knowledge of the topic.
c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

RW.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

RW.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

RW.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 11–12 on page 54.)

RW.11-12.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

RW.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
**RW.11-12.8** Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

**RW.11-12.9** Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

a. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics”).

b. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]”).

**RW.11-12.10** Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

**Speaking and Listening**

**SL.11-12.1** Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.

b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.

c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.

d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

Evaluate a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.

Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 here for specific expectations.)

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

a. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
b. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., *Merriam-Webster’s Dictionary of English Usage, Garner’s Modern American Usage*) as needed.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

a. Observe hyphenation conventions.
b. Spell correctly.

Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

a. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte’s *Artful Sentences*) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).
c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

L.11-12.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.
b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.

L.11-12.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.